

THOMAS TIGAR,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.
OFFICE—Corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets,
Third Story, opposite P. Kiser.

TERMS:
Two Dollars per annum, in Advance; Two Dollars
Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months; or Three
Dollars at the end of the Year.
No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid
up, except at the option of the publisher.
Advertisements inserted at One Dollar per Square of
Ten lines for the first three weeks, and half that
rate for subsequent insertions.
A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by
the year.

JOB PRINTING
Associated with neatness, accuracy and dispatch, and
on the most reasonable terms.

Insurance Agency.
Subscriber having received the Agency of the
Etina Insurance Company
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.
Is prepared to issue policies on the most favorable
terms. This Company has a Capital Stock of
\$300,000.
All paid and well invested, and is one of the oldest
and most responsible Companies in the Union.
J. H. HOUGH, Jr.,
Fort Wayne, Oct. 30, 1851. y17.

GIRARD
Fire & Marine Insurance Co.,
OF PHILADELPHIA.
CAPITAL HALF A MILLION
One of the most reliable Companies in the Union.
The undersigned is now prepared to issue policies
for this Company, at moderate rates. This is
the only Agency in the West.
E. F. COLEBRIK, Agent,
Fort Wayne, Ind.
[Is also Agent for the New England Live Stock
Insurance Co.]
December 15, 1854. 24

General Insurance Agency,
FORT WAYNE, IND.
Etina Fire & Marine Insurance Co.,
Hartford, Connecticut—Capital \$500,000.
MERCHANTS FIRE MARINE INS. CO.
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania—Capital \$100,000.
STAR FIRE & MARINE INS. CO.,
Ogdensburg, N.Y.—Capital \$150,000.
The above Companies have all their capital paid
in, and have complied with all the conditions of the
late Act of the Legislature relating to Foreign In-
surance Companies, thus affording ample guarantees to
the insured.
HOUGH & JONES, Agents.
May 17th, 1855. y46

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.
HOUGH & JONES, Attorneys and Coun-
sellors at Law, will attend to all legal business
entrusted to their care, and will give special at-
tention to the collecting and securing of debts through-
out the State.
OFFICE—Calhoun street.

L. M. NINDE, Attorney and Counsellor at
Law.
Office—Corner of Calhoun and Pearl streets, under
the Sentinel Office.

W. M. W. CARSON, Attorney and Counsellor
at Law.
Office—On Calhoun street, one door south of P.
Kiser's (second story).

F. P. RANDALL, Attorney and Counsellor
at Law, and Master in Chancery.
Office—Clinton street, two doors south of H.
Colebrik's Brick Store.

R. BRACKENRIDGE, Jun., Attorney and
Counsellor at Law, will attend to the Collec-
tion, Adjustment or Securing of Debts, the payment
of taxes, purchase and sale of lands, and examination
of titles in any part of Indiana.
Office—Corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, under
the Sentinel office.

W. B. SMITH, Attorney at Law.
Office on Calhoun street, over Hill's Book Store.
Fort Wayne, July 7th. y-1

Dr. C. S. Smith.
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ROCKHILL HOUSE,
By PHILIP RUMSEY,
Corner of Broadway and Main Streets,
FORT WAYNE, IND.
January 20th, 1855. y26

HEDEKIN HOUSE,
Corner of Broadway and Main Streets,
FORT WAYNE, IND.
January 20th, 1855. y26

MAYER HOUSE,
Formerly Palo Alto
H. B. GARTIN Proprietor,
FORT WAYNE, IND.
Corner of Wayne and Calhoun Streets.
Omnibus to convey passengers to and from
the Packets and Cars without charge. y46

NEW GOODS
This day opened at the Boston Dry Goods Store
No 75 Columbia street, a large lot of
New Style De Laines, Fints,
and other Dress Goods.
Sept. 12, 1855. WM T. ABBOTT. y46

New Fall Goods
at Old No. 3.
J. & C. ORFF are now receiving a new and gen-
eral assortment of
Fall and Winter Goods
of the latest styles and best quality.
As they will be sold very low, buyers will find
it to their interest to call and make their purchases
at the far-famed cheap No. 3.

Call and see them!
GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE
Invite the public to examine their new stock of
FALL AND WINTER GOODS
which in point of beauty, style, and quality, will be
found at least equal to any in the city; and an ex-
amination of the prices will satisfy all that the
cheapness they are a little ahead of all competition.
They have also a full supply of the choicest fresh
Family Groceries.
October 10th, 1855.

More Goods!
H. R. SCHWEGMAN has got a
tremendous stock of
NEW GOODS
to which he invites public attention. He is
too busy opening them and attending the
great rush of customers to write a long ad-
vertisement this week. Further particulars
hereafter.
Oct. 4th

J. PIERR.
No. 1 Phoenix Block, Calhoun Street.
HAS received large additions to his stock from
the eastern markets, and now offers to the pub-
lic a general and full assortment of
FALL & WINTER GOODS,
Groceries, Queensware, &c.
Which he will sell at the lowest rates.
Buyers are requested to call and examine, and
satisfy themselves that this is the truth.
Oct. 4th.

DENTAL DEPOT.
61 Columbia St., Fort Wayne, Ind.
The subscriber has just received a large stock of
ARTIFICIAL TEETH from the celebrated
manufacturers Oram and Armstrong, Phila., consist-
ing of Gum and metal, and entire sets of Plates and
Pivot Teeth, Gold and Tin-Foil of superior quality.
Also, shall be receiving Dental Instruments, Cru-
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J. U. WINSLOW.
Aug. 16th. 61 Columbia street.

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ARE now opening at the corner of Calhoun and
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The Way Bills are Passed in Congress.
We take the following from the Washington
Correspondent of the New York Tribune:
"The Civil Appropriation Bill, which em-
braces all promissory appropriations, and is a
sort of omnibus, then came from the Committee
of Conference, with about eighty Senate amend-
ments, agreed to by that committee. Jones of
Tennessee, Perry of Maine, Stanton of Ohio, and
Knowlton of Maine, each made efforts to have
these amendments read. But it was denied by
the chairman of the Committee of Ways and
Means and by the House, and that selfish and
pusillanimous body, in derogation of its own
rights, and in contempt of all legislative dignity
and discretion voted to concur with every amend-
ment in a lump, without knowing what was em-
braced in a single one of them, except one, and
that one was for the appropriation of one million
of dollars for the Washington Waterworks, a
scheme which could not obtain, as an independ-
ent measure, on its present basis, a vote of one-
third of the members of the House in its favor.
The decision of the body, thus to swallow this
enormous batch of appropriations without know-
ing what they contained, was received with mingled
derision, contempt, pain and furious temper
among various members. But the minority were
too scrupulous to filibuster and too feeble to help
themselves in any other way, and the whole bill
went through under the parliamentary screws,
by a vote of eighty-seven to sixty-seven, within
three-quarters of an hour. If the pay of mem-
bers had not been included in the same bill, would
it not have been defeated?"

The New Senate.
The following gentlemen compose the new
United States Senate. It would be a good idea
for our readers to save this list for future refer-
ence. It may save them time and trouble here-
after:
DEMOCRATS.
Rhode Island—Allen.
New Jersey—Thompson, Wright.
Penn.—Bigler.
Delaware—Bates, Bayard.
Maryland—Pierce, (Buchanan Old-line
Whig).
Virginia—Hunter, Mason.
North Carolina—Biggs, Reid.
South Carolina—Butler, Evans.
Georgia—Toombs, Iverson.
Florida—Yulee, Mallory.
Alabama—Fitzpatrick, Clay.
Mississippi—Davis, Brown.
Louisiana—Sillidell, Benjamin (Buchanan
Whig).
Tennessee—Jones (Buchanan Whig).
Arkansas—Kirk, Sebastian.
Texas—Kirk.
Missouri—Green, Polk.
Ohio—Pugh.
Indiana—Bright, Fitch.
Illinois—Douglas.
Michigan—Stuart.
Iowa—Jewett.
Cal.—Gwin, Broderick.
BLACK REPUBLICANS.
Maine—Fessenden, Hamlin.
N. Hampshire—Bell, Hale.
Mass.—Sumner, Wilson.
Vermont—Foot, Colclamer.
Rhode Island—Simmons.
Conn.—Dixon, Foster.
New York—King, Seward.
Pennsylvania—Cameron.
Ohio—Wade.
Illinois—Trumbull.
Wisconsin—Durkee, Doolittle.
Iowa—Harlan.
Michigan—Chandler.
FILLMORE MEN.
Maryland—Kennedy.
Kentucky—Crittenden, Thompson.
Tennessee—Bell.
Texas—Houston.
Democrats and Old-line Whigs who support the
Administration,
Black Republicans
Fillmore men.
Democratic majority over all 12

More Traces of Sir John Franklin's Party—
Captain Sherard Osborn has forwarded to the
editor of the Times the following extract of a
letter, dated Red River Settlement, Hudson
Bay Territory, December 6th.
I received a letter from Roderick by the last
mail, and he expressed a wish that I should
write to you the first opportunity and state more
particularly about the reports we heard last
summer about some traces of whites being seen
in the north. I have just returned from
who was at Norway House last July, and saw
the man who brought down an express to Sir
George Simpson from Mr. Anderson, in Mac-
enzie River (district) stating that Indians had
brought over reports to one of the trading posts
in that quarter, that Indians had seen two or 3
more encampments of whites on an island on
the present session of Congress, tendered him
his hand, which the latter refused to accept, de-
claring that there were some things to be said
before friendly relations could ever be restored
between them. Campbell then declared that he
earnestly desired a reconciliation, adding em-
phatically that 'he wished to associate with
gentlemen,' and was willing and ready to re-
move any obstacle that stood in the way of his
purpose. The necessary retraction was made,
and amity was restored, and Campbell's sincerity
was signified by his conduct and deep angui-
tation at the death-bed of Brooks on the annun-
ciation of his death in the House of Representa-
tives.

An Unwritten History Concerning Mr. Brooks.
A correspondent of the Charleston Courier,
writing from Washington, gives some items of
Mr. Brooks and his attack on Sumner, which
have never before been published. He says:
"Prominent among these reminiscences is the
fact for the reconciliation of the deceased with
L. D. Campbell, of Ohio, the advising and cor-
responding friend of Amos B. Burlingame, in his
sum demonstration of fight with the gallant
Southern Campbell meeting Brooks during the
present session of Congress, tendered him
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Aug. 16th. 61 Columbia street.

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WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c.,
ARE now opening at the corner of Calhoun and
Pearl streets, two doors north of H. B. Reed's,
on the Canal, and will keep constantly on hand a
large stock and each variety of articles in their line,
and of the best quality, both foreign and domestic.
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The New Senate.
The following gentlemen compose the new
United States Senate. It would be a good idea
for our readers to save this list for future refer-
ence. It may save them time and trouble here-
after:
DEMOCRATS.
Rhode Island—Allen.
New Jersey—Thompson, Wright.
Penn.—Bigler.
Delaware—Bates, Bayard.
Maryland—Pierce, (Buchanan Old-line
Whig).
Virginia—Hunter, Mason.
North Carolina—Biggs, Reid.
South Carolina—Butler, Evans.
Georgia—Toombs, Iverson.
Florida—Yulee, Mallory.
Alabama—Fitzpatrick, Clay.
Mississippi—Davis, Brown.
Louisiana—Sillidell, Benjamin (Buchanan
Whig).
Tennessee—Jones (Buchanan Whig).
Arkansas—Kirk, Sebastian.
Texas—Kirk.
Missouri—Green, Polk.
Ohio—Pugh.
Indiana—Bright, Fitch.
Illinois—Douglas.
Michigan—Stuart.
Iowa—Jewett.
Cal.—Gwin, Broderick.
BLACK REPUBLICANS.
Maine—Fessenden, Hamlin.
N. Hampshire—Bell, Hale.
Mass.—Sumner, Wilson.
Vermont—Foot, Colclamer.
Rhode Island—Simmons.
Conn.—Dixon, Foster.
New York—King, Seward.
Pennsylvania—Cameron.
Ohio—Wade.
Illinois—Trumbull.
Wisconsin—Durkee, Doolittle.
Iowa—Harlan.
Michigan—Chandler.
FILLMORE MEN.
Maryland—Kennedy.
Kentucky—Crittenden, Thompson.
Tennessee—Bell.
Texas—Houston.
Democrats and Old-line Whigs who support the
Administration,
Black Republicans
Fillmore men.
Democratic majority over all 12

More Traces of Sir John Franklin's Party—
Captain Sherard Osborn has forwarded to the
editor of the Times the following extract of a
letter, dated Red River Settlement, Hudson
Bay Territory, December 6th.
I received a letter from Roderick by the last
mail, and he expressed a wish that I should
write to you the first opportunity and state more
particularly about the reports we heard last
summer about some traces of whites being seen
in the north. I have just returned from
who was at Norway House last July, and saw
the man who brought down an express to Sir
George Simpson from Mr. Anderson, in Mac-
enzie River (district) stating that Indians had
brought over reports to one of the trading posts
in that quarter, that Indians had seen two or 3
more encampments of whites on an island on
the present session of Congress, tendered him
his hand, which the latter refused

KANSAS.—Gov. Geary has returned to the State, with his approval, a bill to provide for taking the census and calling a convention for the adoption of a State Constitution. The Governor states his objections at length, and with some ability. The principal objection is that the Legislature failed to make any provision to submit the Constitution, when framed, to the consideration of the people for their ratification or rejection.

Notwithstanding his objections, the bill was passed over the veto. The act provides that between the 1st day of March and the 1st day of April, 1857, the sheriffs of the counties, to be assisted by deputies appointed by themselves, shall take a census of the white inhabitants actually residing in their respective counties, and before the 10th day of April, shall file in the office of the judges of probate for their respective counties a complete list of all the qualified voters therein on the 1st of April preceding, which the judges of probate shall add to, alter, and amend at their discretion upon application made to them, up to the first of May, only those born on these recorded lists to be allowed to vote for members of the convention.

Gov. GEARY has resigned his office as Governor of Kansas. In a farewell address to the people of Kansas he gives a sketch of his administration and the results in setting forth the previous and present condition of the Territory recounting the difficulties and embarrassments thrown in his way, he says that the great body of the people are conservative and law-abiding citizens, and willing to make sacrifices for peace. That the troubles have been occasioned by ambitious schemers, with no special interest in the Territory's welfare, who never desired peace, nor will they allow it to continue, if they have the power to prevent it.

Governor Geary is now in Washington. Secretary Woodson is the acting governor.

More Pulpit Politics.—The freedom shrieking preachers in the East have commenced a crusade against the Supreme Court for its recent decision in the Dred Scott case. These worthies seem inclined to ignore the scriptures entirely; they have worn bleeding Kansas to tatters, and now take up Dred Scott in preference to Christ and him crucified in the better days of the church, when its ministers had some claims to be considered Christians, used to be the theme of pulpit eloquence and ministerial endeavors. So far as these ministers are concerned, Christianity is rapidly becoming an "obsolete idea."

The Delano-Carroll Treaty relative to Central American affairs has been ratified by the Senate by a vote of 32 to 15. A few amendments were made to it, but they are stated to be of an unimportant nature, and such as will probably be readily acceded to by England.

Hon. S. BRAXTON, we are happy to inform our readers, is now much better. Up to Wednesday last his condition was extremely critical, with but small hopes of recovery. Since then he has rallied, and is daily improving; and his friends are encouraged to entertain sanguine hopes of his ultimate restoration to health.

Grant of Lands to the Grand Rapids & Indiana Railroad Co.—The Michigan Legislature has made a grant of a portion of the railroad lands ceded to that State to the Grand Rapids & Indiana R. R. Co. for the extension of that road north to Traverse Bay or Mackinac. The lands are estimated to be worth three and a half millions of dollars, and form a basis sufficient to secure the construction of the road in a tenable time.

This road commences at Fort Wayne and runs through Lagrange Centre, Indiana, and thence to Grand Rapids, Michigan—a distance of 135 miles. Thence to Traverse Bay is 160 miles, and to Mackinac 200 miles. Total distance from Fort Wayne to Mackinac 335 miles. This end of the line, we believe, has not yet been surveyed or located, the original route having been intended to run west of us through Whitley & Huntington counties to Hartford. The company have since wisely concluded to make the Fort Wayne the southern terminus, where it will connect with the Fort Wayne & Cincinnati and Fort Wayne & Southern Railroads, making it one of the most important north and south lines in the country, connecting Lake Superior with the Ohio River at Cincinnati and Jeffersonville.

A large amount of work is already done on the road in Lagrange County and north of Sturgis, and we hope the grant of land will give such an impetus to the work as to justify its being put under contract for its whole length in course of the present season. The amount of lands to which the company become entitled will be at least 1,024,000 acres.

This is a road in which our city is deeply interested, and yet strange as it may appear, its existence is in a great measure unknown to our citizens, and we are not aware of a dollar having been subscribed to its stock in this place. Our citizens do not show such an appreciation of the benefits to arise from such works as they ought to do.

Ship Canal across Michigan.—A bill has been introduced in the New York Legislature chartering a company to construct a ship canal across the peninsula of Michigan, connecting Lake Erie and Michigan at the most desirable points on each. This will shorten the route now traversed several hundred miles, avoiding the St. Clair flats and the dangerous navigation of Lake Huron and the straits of Mackinac.

The Toledo papers contend that Toledo affords the only suitable terminus of the canal on Lake Erie, and entertain no doubt that it will be selected.

The repairs of the breach at the Feeder Dam are progressing rapidly and favorably. A dam of brush and crib work is already completed across the break, and the water effectually turned into its proper channel. An earth guard bank will be made above the dam in a few days. The work is considered entirely safe, and the Canal will be opened by the 10th or 15th April.

Wholesale Millinery House.—We refer milliners to the advertisement of C. C. Webster's wholesale millinery establishment, 114 Lake street, Chicago. Our present railroad connection with that city renders it easy of access to our citizens, and they might find it to their interest to do a portion of their trading there.

THE COUNTY JAIL.—Our county jail is well known to be a very insecure place for the keeping of prisoners, some of whom occasionally escape, subjecting the sheriff to great expense in their recapture. The wonder is that more do not escape—or rather, that any choose to remain in a place of confinement. Monday afternoon last a fellow was put in on a charge of drunkenness and in a few hours he succeeded with the aid of a part of one of the bedsteads in picking a large hole in the wall, which is built in so insecure a manner that when once a beginning is made there is no difficulty in removing as many of the stones as may be required to open a way out.

The Grand Jury at their late term examined the jail and reported on its insecure condition. The Court appointed their foreman, F. Nirdlinger, a committee to make further examination and report to the County Commissioners. Mr. Nirdlinger has fulfilled his task, and made a report to the Commissioners recommending that there be a double door placed at the main entrance to the jail; that the cells be strongly lined so as to deprive the prisoners of their present facilities for secreting tools wherewith to effect an escape; that the present slight and rotten flooring be replaced by a substantial sound one; and that the cells, in which the prisoners can reach and pick the locks, be more safely secured.

That our county prison is wholly unsafe and unfit to keep prisoners is a well known fact, and we hope the commissioners will at once adopt the recommendations of Mr. Nirdlinger's report, or take such other steps as will make it secure. Until this is done it is unjust to hold the sheriff responsible for the safe keeping of prisoners.

No Appraisement Bill passed by the Senate.—The New Albany Ledger, in an answer to a query by the Tribune, says: "No appraisement bill was passed by the Senate, and no appraisement bill was voted by the Governor. The bill vetoed by the Governor was an amendment to the assessment law in relation to the taxation of banks. What its peculiar provisions were we do not know, but we do know it was not the bill known as the appraisement bill. That necessary measure, like the revenue bill, was defeated by the revolutionary action of the Black Republican Senators."

Canal Trade.—Mr. Peoff has resigned his office of Canal Trustee—to take effect in June next. Mr. Barton, the nominee of the democratic caucus, will be appointed to fill the vacancy.

Democratic Victory in Peru.—At the corporation election held in Peru, Miami Co. last week, the democrats made a clean sweep, electing their entire ticket—Mayor, Councilmen, Recorder, Treasurer, &c. by an average majority of 64. Black Republicanism does not appear to flourish much among the enlightened citizens of Peru.

We call the attention of Merchants, Bookkeepers, Druggists, Painters, and others, to the advertisement of "The Cotton Manufacturing Company," of No. 10, Cortlandt street, New York, in another column. This company undoubtedly stand at the head of the Trade, both in quantity and variety of the goods they manufacture and import; as they are constantly manufacturing they keep up a full assortment at all seasons of the year and are fully prepared to fill orders for goods in their line at a low rate.

Congressional Statistics.—An observing correspondent, who has visited the national Capitol, gives the following personal statistics of the House of Representatives:—

In the last House, two members were wig-wags, twenty three bald headed, fifty four gray-headed, thirteen with a moustache, seventeen with glasses to assist their vision, four who are very near sighted, two who use crutches, (one noted for his wit, and the other for his silence). The latest member is P. T. Herbert; tallest man, Humphrey Marshall; the leanest man is A. H. Stevens; the witliest man is Florence; the most modest man is A. H. Stevens; the humblest man is Col. Spinner; the vainest men are Keith and Percy Walker; (Keith of his person, and Walker of his position).

"Hoping the above 'stat' may amuse, if not instruct, I respectfully submit it to the composition of B."

From the State Sentinel.

From Washington.

Editors of the Sentinel.—On yesterday the President communicated to the Senate the names of the gentlemen selected to compose his cabinet, and they were confirmed by the Senate. The telegraph has no doubt ere this brought you this news. The cabinet is as follows:—

Secretary of State, Gen. Cass; of War, Gov. Floyd; of the Navy, Mr. Toucey; of the Treasury, Mr. Cobb; of the Interior, Mr. Thompson; Postmaster General, A. V. Brown; Attorney General, Judge Black, of Pennsylvania. It will be seen that Indiana is not represented in this cabinet appointment—no grievance to the North. This was on the ground that, but one cabinet appointment could be given to the North, in the first instance, to Mr. Bright, but he declined it, for the reasons that he had asked an election to the Senate, and received it, with the understanding that he preferred that position, and would hold it if chosen. That was the desire of those who supported him. Further Mr. Bright declared that he would not abandon his party and Mr. Fitch, his colleague in the Senate, in a contest for the seats from Indiana—but avowed his determination to stand by his colors to the end of that controversy. Mr. Bright having declined, the President then appointed Gen. Cass Secretary of State, and determined that the northwest should be represented in the Cabinet by him. The course of Mr. Bright was honorable and magnanimous, and ought to endear him to the people and party of his State.

The malicious predictions of those who foretold that he would provide for himself by going into the Cabinet and desert his State, in the struggle for the representation on the floor of the Senate, which the constitution allows her to appoint, and the good faith of the President, in the Senatorial contest, as well as his entire confidence in the validity of his election are fully demonstrated. Equally unfounded and malicious are the imputations being disseminated by the same persons that Mr. Bright is to blame for Indiana having no Cabinet officer.

On the contrary, it is well known in Washington, among those who take an interest in that matter, that up to the last moment Mr. Bright urged upon the President the appointment of a member of his Cabinet from the State of Indiana, and furnished him the names of several gentlemen from whom to make a selection. The answer of the President was prompt and decided, that the North-west could have but one Cabinet officer, and that Indiana could not furnish the man except it were Mr. Bright himself. From the best information that I can collect, no other citizen of Indiana has at any time been counted by the President among the number of those from whom the Cabinet was to be chosen. I am thus explicit upon this subject, because I find, to my regret, that there are those here and at home who are willing to impair the influence and standing of Indiana at the Capital,

and to distract the Democratic party at home, if in so doing they can strike a blow at Mr. Bright. The same man, I find, are not pleased with Mr. Buchanan's inaugural—also generally in a complaining and dissatisfied frame of mind, and indeed in a state of incipient opposition to the Democratic Administration. That there has been unceasing, industrious and systematic misrepresentation employed in reference to the transactions at Indianapolis and Washington during the past winter, for the purpose of poisoning the public mind in Indiana against her Senator, is a truth that is manifest. What is all this to lead to? What is its purpose? Has Indiana so many able and influential men to spare, that one who has so much zeal to do her service as any other, and more power, is to be struck down? It is time reflecting men should set their faces against this clamor against Mr. Bright.

WASHINGTON, March 18. The following appointments of Postmasters have been made: William Rusk, Austin, Texas; C. B. Johnson, remoted; W. J. Windham, Huntsville, Ala.; etc. Kawadigh, whose commission has expired.

The following have been re-appointed: B. Bigler, Richmond, Va.; T. L. Toulmin, Mobile, Ala.; W. D. M. Varrast, Tusculosa, Ala.

Orders have been issued that the steamer Mer-Case, now at Norfolk, proceed to Boston.

No action will be taken at present on the subject of the Governorship of Utah.

W. F. Colecock, whose commission as Collector at Charleston, S. C., had expired, has been re-appointed.

The commissions of the officers recently appointed are being issued from the several departments.

Congress at its last session authorized the construction of five additional sloops of war, and the force of seamen to be increased one thousand greater than the present maximum standard.

Washington Gossip.—The Washington correspondent of the New York Tribune thus writes:—

General Thomas, the present Assistant Secretary of State, has been agreeably notified by Mr. Cass to retain his position. No political changes are made in the subordinate in that department, and even the confidential clerks continue in their former relation. The details of the present business will be conducted by Mr. Thomas and Chief Clerk Hunter, General Cass considering only the graver questions.

Hon. James B. Clay.—The Lexington (Ky.) Statesman thus notices the appointment of James B. Clay as minister to Prussia—a position which he has just declined.

We understand that the President has tendered to this gentleman an appointment to high official station abroad, independent of Mr. Clay's indisputable qualifications for such service, this compliment is exceedingly appropriate, as an evidence of the President's high appreciation of the patriotic position of the Old Line Whigs, and his readiness thus to honor a son of Kentucky's great statesman is a very significant commentary upon some of the slanders uttered by the opposition press and speakers during the Presidential canvass. Whether or not Mr. Clay will accept the proposed honor, we are not informed.

Since writing the above I learn that the post offered to Mr. Clay is that of Minister to Berlin—a first class mission. Such an offer, to a gentleman who is in no sense an office seeker, is indeed highly complimentary.

Colonel Sam Medary.—The appointment of Colonel Medary to the post of Governor of Minnesota, highly gratifying to his friends as a compliment, involves a great loss to the Democracy of Ohio, who can ill spare the services of such a leader and gallant a champion. What is Ohio's loss, however, will be Minnesota's gain; and we congratulate this new and growing region for the North west on their good fortune in securing for Governor a man of the sturdy, honest, fine intelligence, patriotic spirit and courageous heart of Sam Medary.—Civ. Eng.

The New British Minister.

Lord Napier the new British Minister just arrived at Washington, to fill the place of Lord Cranston, is thus described by the New York Herald:—

He is about five feet nine inches in height and dresses with democratic plainness. His large, searching dark eyes form a very conspicuous portion of his features. The expression of his face is somewhat of a thorough business man, and his manner, though slightly tinged with hauteur, is nevertheless quite cordial. He is, in fact, a very democratic lord. He dines at the table d'hôte as a preference, remarking that he wishes to become acquainted with the people of this country.

In conversation he is peculiar. Like a good diplomatist, as he has the reputation of being, he speaks more than he speaks, and always has a word to say to the last.

He has a great deal of hesitancy in his speech, seemingly caused by a desire to make a careful selection of language. His mind seems to have a practical turn, for he spoke of securing a house at Washington as soon as possible, and mentioned a desire to know the most pleasant residence in summer. He expressed his desire to present his credentials to the President as soon as possible.

With an evident appreciation of the most difficult questions likely to arise during his mission Lord Napier was very anxious to go to the position of General Walker in Central America, and as to the probable result of his mission, he expressed his appreciation of the humanity of Morgan & Co. in refusing to carry more recruits to Cuba and certain destruction.

Lady Napier has already won the hearts of all who have had the pleasure of her acquaintance. She is amiable and even affable in her manner, and exceedingly well fitted for an ambassador's wife. She will remain with her children in Baltimore until suitable accommodations can be provided in Washington.

Arrival of the America.

HALIFAX, March 12. The Cunard steamship America, with dates from Liverpool to the 28th ult., arrived at four o'clock this afternoon.

The steamers Atlas and City of Washington arrived at Liverpool on the 26th ult., bringing late advices from the United States.

The America passed the Africa on the 1st inst. twenty miles west of Kingsale.

She had on board a large ship burning, with nobody on board. She was painted black. An arrangement of the Persian difficulty was proceeding satisfactorily, but the treaty has not yet been signed. It is supposed that the Convention specifies that England shall enjoy equal privileges with the most favored nations, but Persia forbids English consuls on the Caspian Sea, inasmuch as her treaties with Russia forbid such an arrangement.

The trade and navigation returns of Great Britain for January show a progressive increase. Mr. Dallas attended the Queen's levee February 26.

An interesting debate took place in Parliament upon Lord Derby's motion of censure on the Chinese war. The result was: for the motion, 110; against it, 146.

Mr. Cobden brought forward a motion in the House of Commons similar to Lord Derby's, namely, that this House was bound with concern the conflicts which have occurred between the British and Chinese at Canton, and without expressing any opinion as to what extent the Chinese may have offended England, she should consider that the papers laid upon the table to establish satisfactory grounds for the violent measures recently resorted to at Canton; that a select committee be appointed to inquire into our commercial relations with China.

Madrid papers still discuss the outrages inflicted on Spanish cities in Mexico. It is announced that eight thousand troops will be sent immediately to Cuba to replace those which are to be sent to Mexico. Fears are entertained at Madrid of another insurrection. Large quantities of arms and ammunition have been found hidden in the city, and it was believed that the Democrats and Progressionists have conspired together against the Government.

The Paris Pays says that the fact of a convention for a session of territory by Persia to Russia, is incontestable; that there is an existing treaty in which Russia engages to defend Persia from invasion, and that at the commencement of the present difficulty with England, Persia claimed from Russia the benefit of that treaty, and Russia has hastened to redeem her pledges by sending an army to Araxes.

It is said that the scheme of the Neapolitan Government to transport political prisoners to the Argentine Republic has miscarried, the latter government refusing to receive any but from colonists, and the prisoners utterly refusing to receive the proposed commutation.

A diplomatic circular from the Spanish Minister at Paris, explains the origin of the dispute with Mexico and the intentions of the Spanish Government.

An imposing force is to be dispatched to Mexico, and most energetic measures are to be employed to obtain redress. Orders have been sent to the Spanish fleet to proceed to the Gulf of Mexico, and to the Gulf of California to join an expedition. A line of battleships and three war-steamer are also detailed for the same destination.

Liverpool Markets.—The market for Breadstuffs is dull. Flour is very dull, with a turn in favor of buyers. The quotations are nominal. Messrs. Richardson, Spence & Co. quote Western corn Flour at 29s. a 31s.; Ohio 31s. a 32s. 6d. Wheat is dull, with little inquiry at a decline of 2d, the market being depressed and quotations nominal at 9s. a 9s. 6d. for white, and 8s. 6d. for red.

Corn closed steady, with a limited business at previous rates. Mixed Corn is quoted at 33s. 9d.; yellow 34s. a 34s. 6d.; white 35s. a 36s. The Provisions market is steady. Lard is firm; all qualities have advanced, and quotations range from 70 to 75s.

Latest from Nicaragua.

We have further details of the operations of Walker's troops on the San Juan River, but the accounts, as usual, are conflicting.

It is said that the forts at Sarapiquí surrendered to Col. Lockridge's command, after three days fighting, and that the filibusters captured a large supply of Minnie rifles, ammunition, artillery, provisions and cooking utensils. They then proceeded up the river and took the station at the mouth of the San Carlos, after which the Rescue gave chase to the steamer Charles Morgan.

Castello Rapids was abandoned by the Costa Ricans, who set fire to the buildings and two steamers.

The filibusters succeeded in saving one of the latter in a damaged condition. A small party of Costa Ricans remained in the fort at Castello on the 18th ultimo, but were to be attacked the next day. A report had come down from Greytown just before the British steamer left for Aspinwall, that Castillo was taken, and that communication with the Lake was now open, but nothing was said about Fort San Carlos.

Col. Lockridge has been stopped at Greytown during the visit made them by the British commander on the charge of detaining British subjects, but the matter was satisfactorily explained and he rejoined his forces.

A letter in the Aspinwall Courier from San Juan, Friday 18th, says:—

"The first rumor was that Castillo and one of the two steamers were taken, but from the information thence seemed to be that the Costa Ricans have burned all the houses at Castillo, and also the river steamers which were below the rapids, and are in possession of the fort. From Walker himself there is no further news, the last dispatch from his camp being those formerly reported of Feb. 24."

From the State Sentinel.

Synopsis of the Memorial of the Holders of Certificates of Stock of the Wabash and Erie Canal, to the Legislature of Indiana.

The memorial presented to the Legislature in behalf of the shareholders of the Wabash and Erie Canal, is a document of great importance to the citizens of the State of Indiana. It reviews the whole question between the State and the Bondholders, in a spirit of much apparent fairness, and leaves the result to be determined by the people of Indiana, in their own way and in their own time.

The memorialists refer to the fact that this State is commencing with many others, become greatly embarrassed in its financial condition, owing to the speculation of 1836-7, and the spring of 1841, from sheer inability to provide for her creditors, she made default in the payment of her just debts. That at this period and for some time subsequent, many of her best citizens, as well as the Executive and others of her government officials, were alarmed lest they would be driven to the dishonored position of public repudiation. That the creditors themselves, who had invested their capital in full confidence that its interest would be promptly met, were greatly alarmed at this contingency. That the action of both parties, growing out of this state of facts, induced the passage of the Acts of our Legislature by which she assumed to pay one moiety of her debt by taxation, and the Bondholders to accept the lands, tolls and revenue of the Wabash and Erie Canal, in lieu of the other. That to carry out said arrangement, the creditors agreed to advance, and did advance, in cash, an additional sum of \$800,000 for the purpose of completing the canal and making it in future a productive work. That this was based upon representations in writing from the then Governor of the State, and upon other sufficient reliable data, going to show the extent of the future operations of the canal, its increasing trade, and the productive energies of that large and improving section of country which it then was, and as represented, would continue to be the only outlet. Governor Whitcomb, in a letter to Mr. Palmer, Chairman of the Committee of Foreign Creditors, says:—"I am much deceived, and so are some of the most sagacious and intelligent Engineers and business men in our country, if in the course of a few years after its completion, its completion, its income shall not greatly exceed the amount of interest to be paid. And again, he says:—"It will be second only in importance to that which connects Lake Erie and the Hudson river." These were not loose or random suggestions, because the act itself—Sec. 28 of the supplement—required the Governor to give all necessary information to the parties interested, and to do any act or thing which may be necessary to carry this act into effect, or to facilitate any proceedings contemplated by this act." So too, Mr. Foulmeyer, State Engineer, and Messrs. Williams and Pratt, both distinguished Engineers, the latter in the employ of the State, made estimates, and expressed opinions to the like effect.

The Commission was then and been appointed by the State of Indiana to attend the Legislature of the State of Ohio, in reference to the construction of the Ohio division of the canal, had likewise expressed by public communication to that state, his most sanguine expectation of the results from this work—"they (meaning the people of Indiana) have neither," said he, "sought nor desired any other connection with Lake Erie, but the contrary, have located and constructed their common roads, to say nothing of their lateral canals and railroads, some of which have been commenced, so as to concentrate their trade on this canal as the main trunk. From this circumstance as well as from the direct route of the route, the Wabash and Erie Canal will not be subjected to a competition with other established channels of trade, as in other cases on the opening of a new work, but from the first will command the undivided commerce and intercourse between the Wabash country and the

Western markets? These assurances in the general character were repeated by all the Agents of the State, and when the European bondholders agreed to accept, in 1846, the principle of the statement finally made, they incorporated in their resolutions of acceptance, a reference to these very suggestions and representations, as the ground-work upon which they entered into the arrangement. But to put the interest of the parties beyond a doubt, by the supplementary Act of January, 1847, in section 14, it was enacted with a view to create general confidence in the arrangement made by the State for the liquidation of its debts, that "toll, revenues and profits of the said canal and its appurtenances, present and future, &c., shall remain to be enjoyed and in full force, and again it enacts that 'all stock to be created, and all certificates and other instruments of title to be issued in pursuance of said act, and all principal moneys and interest thereon accrued shall not be subject to or impaired by' &c., and in section 22 it is provided that 'said State shall not direct or permit any appropriation to be made of such tolls and revenues, lands and proceeds or any of them for the general purposes of the State, or otherwise, hereafter.' It was upon these assurances from the Government officials, in connection with the special provisions of the Acts themselves, that the creditors acted.

The memorialists then proceed to show that if the Canal had been left to itself, all the assurances made and expectations of future success, to the bondholders, would have been fully realized. That the annual reports of the Trustees show a regular and growing increase of income. In 1846 the receipts were \$102,424. In 1847 they were \$125,982. In 1848 they were \$146,148. In 1849 (owing to a prevalence of cholera and a short crop), they fell off to \$144,659—but in 1850 they advanced to \$157,158. In 1851 they were \$179,282, and in 1852 they reached their maximum, \$193,400. From that time under the influence and competition of railroads, the report shows a gradual decrease, notwithstanding the efforts made to protect the business by reduction of tolls by the Trustees of the Canal; and the report says that it may now be regarded as an established and permanent fact that the revenues of the Canal are most disastrously reduced and impaired. That in fact the security upon which the bondholders relied, has been utterly destroyed by the action of the State. That this condition of things has not grown out of any extravagant expenditures or extra repairs, or falling off in the proceeds of the land funds, nor any failure in the natural prosperity of the State; that, on the contrary, the population which in 1845 was 680,000 has increased to nearly 1,000,000, and that the annual property, which in 1845 was \$126,000,000, is now near \$400,000. The memorial then proceeds to show that this condition of things is the direct result of railroad competition which has covered the entire region from which the Canal must draw its support. That such result has been anticipated by the Trustees of the Canal and shadowed forth in their reports as the inevitable result of State legislation authorizing such railroads. The memorialists say they had the business of the Canal divided under the influence of natural causes, or from any other cause except the action of the State itself, they would not have complained. But while they admit the right of the State to pass such laws as will best promote its own prosperity, they insist that it is against equity and good conscience to do so at the expense of its creditors. That the State cannot ignore interests which it has itself created; nor can it impair securities which it has itself guaranteed from molestation and wrong; and that in every such case where the injury is manifest it is bound to make an adequate reparation.

The memorialists further allege, that in the legislation of the State, soon after the passage of the act before referred to, and while the matter was under consideration, the State was petitioned from railroads was recognized; but while they denied in 1848, and again in 1851, special charters, they have opened the flood gates by a general railroad law, under which the Wabash Valley Road, and other railroads have been constructed along the very margin of the canal throughout its entire length.

The memorial, in conclusion, asks that the State, in its day of prosperity, will not thus sacrifice the bondholders, that if it cannot do good faith carry out the original understanding, it will at least afford some relief, and make such reparation as may be in its power, and its own sense of justice may indicate.

Terrible Railroad Disaster!

Toronto, March 13. A dreadful accident occurred on the Great Western Railroad. The train which left Toronto this afternoon for Hamilton, ran off a bridge above Hamilton, precipitating the engine, baggage car, and two passenger cars into the water. The locomotive and baggage car passed over the bridge in safety, but the two rear cars containing one hundred and twenty passengers fell through, and between sixty and eighty passengers are supposed to have been killed. Among the killed are Samuel Zimmerman, a Banker and Contractor; Mr. Street Mellicone, of Niagara Falls, together with his sister and mother in law. Thomas C. Macklin, is reported killed. Many bodies have not yet been taken from the water and the names of but few are ascertained.—The passengers who escaped death are all more or less mangled, and most of them are injured beyond recovery. The doctors are leaving Toronto and Hamilton for the scene of disaster.

The bridge was partially broken down: the cars fell at a distance of fifty feet from the end. The excitement caused by this catastrophe is beyond precedent.

Parliament adjourned the moment they heard of the accident.

LATER.—The disaster of yesterday occurred to the accommodation local train to this city bound for Hamilton, containing from 75 to 100 passengers. Only fifteen were taken from the wreck alive, and of these, five have since died. The Engineer and Fireman were pitched headlong into the canal; the baggage car and two passenger cars went through the bridge as a complete wreck. A large number of men to-day are engaged in excavating the debris from the wreck. Fifty dead bodies, including women and children, are laid out on the floor of an out-house in the vicinity of many of whom have been identified.—The passengers all belonged to this city and Hamilton, and other towns, including many prominent influential citizens.

Toronto, March 14. It is stated by persons from the scene of the late Railroad calamity at Hamilton, that many additional bodies have been recovered. A jury is already investigating the cause of the calamity, and arrangements are in progress for a public funeral on Monday.

Tiffin & Fort Wayne Railroad.—R. G. Pennington, Esq., the President of the Tiffin & Fort Wayne Road, returned from the east yesterday. He has succeeded in purchasing the necessary iron for the whole road, the delivery of which will be commenced about the first of June. There are but few towns in Ohio that can boast of such success.

TOWNSHIP ELECTION.

NOTICE is hereby given to the voters of Wayne Township, that there will be held an annual Election, at the usual place of holding elections in said township, on Monday, April 6th, 1857, for the purpose of electing the following Township Officers:—One Trustee, one Assessor, one Clerk, one Constable, and one Supervisor for each road district.

GEORGE F. STINCHCOMB, Clerk Wayne Tp.

Fort Wayne, Ind., March 14, 1857. 3w38

FEMALE COMPLAINTS.—Irregularities, Obstructions, Nervous Headache, &c., are speedily cured by Dr. Wright's Tonic Bitters and invigorating Cordial. Health and strength must invariably follow its use. For particulars, see another column. In quart bottles, highly concentrated, very pleasant to the taste, and of great value.

Dr. Wright's Liver Pills, also his Powders for Children, all excellent medicines, are sold by

DR. J. U. WINSLOW, Fort Wayne, Ind. 1m38

See large advertisement.

Working Men's Institute.

The Library is open every TUESDAY and SATURDAY Evening, from 7 to 9 o'clock, for loaning books.

Discussions every Saturday evening, commencing at 7 o'clock.

GREAT CURB OF DYSPYBIA.

O. G. MERRISON, Merchant, says:—"SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 10th inst., in relation to the cure of Dyspepsia, and I have the pleasure to inform you that I have been afflicted for several years with Dyspepsia, in a very aggravated form, for which I used Sarsaparilla and various other remedies, without obtaining relief. From the various testimonials in favor of Hoffman's German Bitters, I was induced to try them, and I now state with pleasure, that through their use I am enjoying better health than I have done for years past, and cheerfully recommend the Bitters to all afflicted with this terrible disease. Respectfully, yours, O. G. MERRISON. MORTON BERKLEY. See advertisement.

COMMERCIAL.

Fort Wayne, Saturday, March 21.

Wheat is scarce and in demand at 1 15 a 1 20. Flour, extra, 6 50; superfine 6 00; Rye 4 00 a 5 00.

Corn, 35; Buckwheat 50; Oats 30; Barley 1 50; Rye 60; Beans 1 50 a 2 00; Potatoes 70 a 75; Sweet do.; Onions 3 00; Butter 12 1/2; Cheese 10; Eggs 2 1/2; Salt 2 25; Bacon 8 a 9; Lard 10; Hams 10; Pork 5 00 a 6 00; Beef 4 00 a 5 00; Flaxseed 1 50; Clover 6 00 a 6 50; Timothy Seed 1 50 a 2 25; Apples, green, 31 25 a 32; dry, 2 50 Wool, common, 25 a 28. fine, 34 a 42; white fish, h-bbl 5 75; pickled 5 00; trout 5 00 Lake herring 5 00, Cranberries 3 00; Maple Sugar 10 a 12.

MARRIED.—In Pleasant township, on Thursday last, by Rev Mr Douglas, Mr WILLIAM B. McNAIR, to Miss MYRA LUTZ, daughter of A. Lutz, Esq.

We return thanks to the bride for the excellent wedding cake with which we were favored, and wish the newly married pair a long and happy life together—or as the poet more beautifully expresses it—

O may their paths be paths of peace,
And still the road to sorrow shun,
Their lives be blest, their joys increase,
And all their cares be little ones."

—On Sunday last, by Rev. Mr Keenan, Mr. ELIAS E. PEARMAN to Miss ANN E. PIERCE, both of this city.

—On Monday, by Rev. J. W. Lowrie, WILLIAM W. CARSON Esq. to Miss CELINDA McDOWELL, both of this city.

DIED.—At Swan, Noble Co. on Tuesday last, Miss FANNY E. KNOOP, of this city, aged 17 years.

OILS ! OILS !

OIL, Lard Oil, Bark Oil, Sperm Oil,
Oil, Corn Oil, Sweet Oil, Castor Oil,
Essential and Kessal Oil, for sale at
E and REYNOLDS.
J. MEXER & BROTHER,
Druggists, No. 95 Columbia street.

CARPETINGS.
Assortment of Carpetings ever offered in
market may be found at the Boston Dry
Also Druggist Grumb Cloths, with
large invoice of 4-4, 5-4, 6-4 and
Cloths.
to put under Carpets, Carpets Bind-
et Parks constantly an hand.
WM. T. ABBOTT.
K & SNUFF—a fine quality of Lorrillard's
rated at
J. U. WINNSLOW.

Also Druggett Crumb Cloths, with
large invoice of 4-4, 5-4, 6-4 and
Cloths.

to put under Carpets, Carpets Blind-
et Parks constantly on hand.
WM. T. ABBOTT.

KNUFF—a fine quality of Lorillard's
anted, at
J. U. WINSLOW.

and a good assortment of BROCH A
single and double, of beautiful pa-
be sold at reduced price. At No. 87
H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

B. MARCHISS'S
RATED CATHOLICON
and Cure of Suffering Females.

IT stands pre-eminent for its curative powers in all the


 diseases for which it is recommended, usually called.

Female Complaints.

Of these are PLEURALGIA UTERI, or fainting of the womb; FIBROS ALBUS, or whites; CHRONIC INFLAMMATION and ULCERATION of the WOMB, INCIDENTAL HEMORRAGE, or Flooding; PAINFUL, SUPPRESSED and IRREGULAR MENSTRUATION, with all their accompanying evils, (noted,) no matter how severe or of how long standing.

This medicine has never been introduced by empty representations, nor it is intended that its efficacy shall be sustained by any medium and the approbation of the public.

REFERENCES.

ne is now well known and appreciated
a steady and increasing sale. I know
in that can compare with it for the

...plaint can compare with it for the
reasons for which it is designed. I am
now using every day of it in my own
case almost every day's evidence of its
value, that it justly merits the warmest
commendations its best friends have given of it.
B. B. PERKINS, M. D., Marietta, Ohio.

it has given satisfaction in all cases

been used, and I do not hesitate to re-
commend every case for which it is designed.
— IN BROWN, M. D., Claremont, N. H.
I should be glad to have a further supply,
as it is becoming very popular, and I
am sure it has given relief in every
case. — S. NEWMAN, M. D., Mt. Vernon, Ind.
Syricon is doing good service here. All
who have tried the medicine have be-
come properly taken. —
— W. M. LAIRD & HAZLETT, M. D.,
New Philadelphia, Ohio.
After trying it in a great many
cases all other remedies within my
reach failed of diffusing the
—

It has cured some very extreme
my observation, which have resisted all

of this medicine to the confidence of strengthened by the fact of its having approbation and liberal patronage of eminent members of the Medical Faculty of this state, some of whom have voluntarily recommended (see pamphlet) its use for its efficacy as a curative agent, containing much useful information of the nature and symptoms of the above disorder with testimonials from ladies of the highest ability, as certified by the most satisfactory and reliable of the paragon of the profession. Those respectfully invited, can be had of

W. H. B. REED, Druggist,
Sole Agent for Fort Wayne, Ind.

Phylliant & Kears, Bluffton, S. C.
Jesse Daviss, & Co., Bluffton, S. C.

William Norton, } Huntington
ning, Wholesale Druggist, Indianapolis.

St. Louis.
J. MARCHISI & Co., Proprietors,
Central Depot, 304 Broadway, N.Y.

of Silver, *Pure* in pencils and cists;
of Quinine; Sulphate, Muriate, and
morphia; Strychia, Veratrin, Podophyl-
lode of Iron, Hydrate of Potash,
on. Phosphate of Iron, Citrate of Iron,
n Filings.

J. U. WINSLOW,
At Apethecaries Hall.

TOWNLEY & Co.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Foods and Groceries;

FORT WAYNE, IN^D

OWNLEY. ROBERT. TOWNLEY

W. C. HANNA,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
Groceries and Provisions.
By the Sect. N O Sugar by the Hogs-
barrel. N O Molasses by the Barrel.
Sugar by the Barrel. Crushed Sugar by
Stewart's Golden Syrup by the Barrel.

For the Farmers
ALL those that want anything in
the line of
SADDLERY
will call on WM BOWEN & SON
for every thing in this line. All the

made by men and not made by boys. The largest stock ever offered in this city.

get a BETTER QUALITY of World
MONEY than any other house in the
city & Provision Store.
HANNA continues the business at the
of SUGAR & HANNA, No 60 Columbia
keeps on hand a full supply of
Family Groceries
AND PROVISIONS,
all warrant to be of the best quality—and
can be found at this establishment. H
the
best Figure for Cash,
free of charge in any part of the city
FOUR AND FIVE

on hand. The highest price paid for all
and Produce.

y17

Great Chance for a Bargain!
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE
FOR SALE.
 I offer for sale the well known and
 highly situated Tract of Land on which the
 State of the S. J. Feeder, adjoining the
 State, and containing about 30 acres
 of the most desirable property in this
 and some of the SUBURBAN RESORTS.
 The advantages are divided and would
 be a great advantage to the owner.
OWN LOTS.
 Sold cheap for Cash, if immediate
 made to the undersigned on the pr
 the Publisher of the **Wayne** HINTON.
 1866

The Post

To Rent
 Second story of the n.w brick building
 Columbia street Also, one large Room
 suitable for public meetings; and a n
 Will be rented together or separate
 H. T. HINE
 H. 13

Newspaper page with multiple columns of text, including advertisements, notices, and classifieds. The page is densely packed with information, including various notices, advertisements for businesses like 'The Cheap Boot & Shoe Store', 'Robinson's New Brick Store', and 'Hill & Orbinson', and public notices regarding legal matters and local events. The text is organized into distinct sections, often separated by bold headings or sub-headers.

The papers contain that Toledo advised the city that the terminus of the canal on Lake Michigan was not a dead end, but that it will be so soon as the repairs of the breach at the Fender are completed rapidly and favorably. A firm of local men's work is already completed the first cut, and the water effectually turned into a proper channel. An earth guard will be made above the dam in a few days. The repairs continued entirely safe, and the canal was opened by the 10th or 15th of April.

See Weekly News.—We are millionaires by the appointment of C. C. Webster's of our military establishment, 114 Lake Michigan. The present railroad connection with this renders it easy of access to Chicago, and they might find it to their interest to make a portion of their trading there.

On the contrary, it is well known in Washington among those who take an interest in Indian matters, that up to the last moment Mr. Bright urged upon the President the appointment of a man who would be acceptable to the State of Indiana, and furnished him the names of several gentlemen from whom to make a selection. The answer of the President was prompt, and decided, that the North-west could have but one Cabinet officer, and that Indiana could not have any, except one man. Mr. Bright himself. From the information I have at my disposal, no other citizen of Indiana has at any time been counted by the President among the number of those from whom the Cabinet was to be chosen. I am thus explicit upon this subject, and I am sure my report, which I have already made and at home is still doing so, will be of great influence and standing in Indiana, at the Capital

enthusiastic response from the hearts of the American people. No independent powers have ever been bound together by material interests of such magnitude as these which unite Great Britain and the United States. Indeed, the present alliance is the only one in the world which is not mutual. But mutual interests, however vast, without mutual regard, are not always sufficient to preserve friendship between nations.

"How happy, then, to receive the assurance that the Government of the United States is anxious for her subjects and every one of her subjects to be treated with the same benevolence toward the Government and people of the United States. During my administration it shall be my agreeable, as well as my anxious desire, to increase the friendship and good will which already subsists between the two countries, and to render these sentiments stronger and endearing."

the American Senate of the
Hue-Clarendon Treaty. The Times deprecates
renewal of negotiation on the Central American
question

the opening of a new work, but from the first command the undivided commerce and intercourse between the Wabash country and the

DR. J. U. WINSLOW, Fort Wayne.
large advertisement. Im38

JOHN R. JOHNSON, Com'r.
M. NIXON, his Attorney.
th 12th, 1853. \$2 70; 2x35

FRESH LEMONS, Raisins, Almonds, Kagu-
Fruits, Confectionaries, &c., &c. for the Bulk.
At the cheap Grocery and Provision Store
corner of Calumet and Berry streets.

G. FARNETT.

YOUNG HUSON TEA
Worth 6c a pound, for 60 cents,
Fined Gun Powder do, worth 7c, for 60 cents,
and the very best Imperial tea, for \$3 00 a pound
for 6c, at No. 25 Calumet street.

WM. T. ARBUTT.

NEW GOODS

OAKLEY & SON,

(SUCCESSORS TO OAKLEY & FRENCH.)

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in all kinds of the
English and Continental Goods, and the
Summer stock of Goods, which they flatter them-
selves to more completely than ever before offered in
this market.

We have a very fine assortment of Tailor-made Posse-
CUTLERY.

A superior stock of all kinds of Culinary ware —
A large supply of

HOUSE TRIMMINGS,

Nails, Lathes, Butts, Screws, and all the little articles necessary to trim a Cabin or Manseion.

We would call the attention of the Contractors to our stock of Shingles, Masts, Gunwales, and many other implements in their line.

A good assortment of Carpenter's, Cooper's, Blacksmith's and other tools of this or any style, and most of the articles of the millinery and dressmaking trade.

We have a large stock of best Cast Steel Hoes (Turf-cutting), Scythes, Cradles, and all other implements for farming kept in hand in the Store.

We wish to assure our friends that our Stock is large and well selected, and that we view this market, and especially that of the manufacturing community,

STOVES.

We have received a fine assortment of

TIN-WARE

And notice, and all orders for our goods will
be put up with dispatch and correctness, at prices that
will be advantageous to the purchasers.

We are prepared to do all kinds of Job, or House-
work in the Tin, Copper (and Sheet Iron) line. All
work warranted.

April 14th, 1855.

Jos. Oast S. Eland.

EMPIRE MILLS,
AT ST. MARY'S ABERDEEN,
FORT WATSON.

The subscribers having taken the Stone Mills,
lately occupied by S. Eland, are prepared to do

The highest Market Price paid for good second Wheat.

Feb 3, 1856.

GRIFE & LACEY.

I HAVE just received and offer for sale a good assortment of Drugs and East Strychna at No. 123 and 125, Colombia St. R. W. TAYLOR.
 Dec. 12 1853.

OIL CLOTH CARPETING.

NEW Patterns just received and for sale.
 Sept. 19. WM. T. ABERT.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Iron, Nails and Glass.

First arrival of the season.

GRANITE STEEL
50 TONS IRON, which makes our assortment unusually large.
120 REE RAIL of all sizes, of the best bridge
100 TONS GLASS, &c., &c.

HOES AND FORKS.
150 Dutch Graveling Hoes, 250 Shovel
50 " ANS and other SHOVELS
A large assortment of general Hardware is expected
daily.


C. KLEY & SONS is the place for country
Merchants to resort to their stocks, and no mistake
April 14, 1855.

NEW CARPETINGS,
20 Pieces of new style all Wool Carpetings just
received at the Granite and Lumber Store, which
stock is the best, and selections were made in this
market, and for sale at extra prices.

WM. T. ABBOTT.
[April 20] Box Store - 3 sizes new pattern, for sale

BRANDRIFF'S

GUNS! GUNS!



South side of
Columbia St.;
three doors east
of Clinton.

SMITH & CO.,
Rifle and Pistol Manufacturers.

DEALERS in double and single barrel Shot Gun
Revolvers and other Pistols, Powder, Shot, and
Caps. Guns neatly repaired.

GUNS! SMITH'S furnished with materials a *Lab*
Price.

Store on south side Columbia street, three doors
east of Clinton.

ST Imported *Twist Target Rifles* made to order
and warranted to perform according to the maker's
scale.

At 100 yards an average of 1 inch each shot.

3	200	2	11
4	200	5	2
5	200	8	11
6	200	11	11

Aug. 27

SMITH & Co.
y-8

TUBS, Buckets, Wire Bows, Trays, Sugar Brooms
Flour Buckets, Lord Cans, Churns, Brooms
Bird Cages, Cook Baskets and V-low Waggon
OFFS.

E. F. F. BALTIMORE OYSTERS—In
cans fine flat, and fresh—also
received at the Old Emporium.

DRAKE & BOURIE.

Saleratus! Saleratus!

PURE Saleratus of the Best Brands, in bulk, and
in half barrels, of any quantity to suit the trade,
can be had at as low a market price,
as
WILLIAMS & HENRY
April 14. No. 25 Columbia St. East Wren

J. & C. ORFF,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware,
Glassware, Cutlery, &c., &c.,
No. 3 Phoenix Block, Columbia st.,
FORT WAYNE,
H. R. SCHWEGMAN,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
Dry Goods, Groceries;
Hardware & Queensware,
No. 57 Columbia Street,
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA,
H. C. GREY & CO.

HAVING TANNERY completed an
 tion, are now receiving at their store, corner of
 Columbia and Clinton streets, under the Telegraph
 office, a full assortment of

Eastern and Imported Leather
FINDINGS, SHOE THREADS, &c.,
 which they offer for sale at reasonable prices.
 As they give their exclusive attention to the leather
 and finding business, they hope to be able to give
 complete satisfaction. Country orders promptly filled.
 All prices reduced and can be returned at our expense
 if unsatisfactory.

W. JONES and sons, Highest Market Prices
 Sept. 10, 1853. j30p-1